## AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION:

Please amend the indicated paragraphs of the specification in accordance with the amendments indicated below.

Page 18, fourth full paragraph, amend as indicated below:

The above-mentioned <u>melamine</u> meramine resin is not particularly limited and for example, di-, tri-, tetra-, penta-, hexa-methylolmelamine, and alkyl etherate thereof (alkyl is methyl, ethyl, propyl, iso propyl, butyl, or isobutyl) can be given. As a commercially available melamine resin describes above, there are given, for example, CYMEL 303, CYMEL 325, CYMEL 1156 (each manufactured by MITSUI CYTEC CORPORATION).

Page 32, third full paragraph, amend as indicated below:

The above-mentioned melamine resin (H-2) is not particularly limited and for example, di-, tri-, tetra-, penta-, hexa-methylolmelamine, and alkyl etherate thereof (alkyl is methyl, ethyl, propyl, iso propyl, butyl, or isobutyl) can be given. As a commercially available melamine meramine resin describes above, there are given, for example, CYMEL 303, CYMEL 325, CYMEL 1156 (each manufactured by AMERICAN CYANAMID COMPANY).

Page 42, first full paragraph, amend as indicated below:

And, when When another hydrophobic resin (H-3) is used in a cation electrodeposition coating composition, generally, it is preferred to use another hydrophobic resin (H-3) in an amount of within the range from 1 weight percent as a lower limit to 50 weight percent as an upper limit with respect to the epoxy resin (A-1). When the amount of another hydrophobic resin (H-3) is less than 1 weight percent, there may be cases where the effect resulting from blending another hydrophobic resin (H-3) is not exerted sufficiently. Further, when it is more than 50 weight percent, a problem of leading to decrease in performances of strength and a rust-preventive property may arise.